

SAMPLE MEDIA ANALYSIS

Next Generation EU

- What does the Swedish media write about the EU Pandemic Recovery Fund?



On May 27, the EU proposed its Next Generation EU package of €750 billion. Sweden, as a net contributor to the budget would end up paying a share of the funding, and underwriting the loans of financially-weaker Member States. Sweden is therefore lobbying actively against the EU proposal.

*Mundus International has explored the politics of this issue in previous **Monthly Policy Reviews**. This data-driven analysis of media sentiment complements previous written analysis.*

Here, Mundus demonstrates what can be achieved utilising our Media Intelligence and Analysis tools

- *Sentiment analysis (Gavagai)*
- *Written mainstream and social media (Notified)*
- *Spoken media on TV, radio and podcasts (All Ears)*

CONCLUSIONS

- *The level of media and social media interest is relatively low*
- *Swedes are relatively dispassionate about the debate. Their issues are financial, rather than emotional.*
- *Although the predominant emotion is scepticism, Swedes may be open to persuasion through economic argument.*

Background



2K
MEDIA EXPOSURE



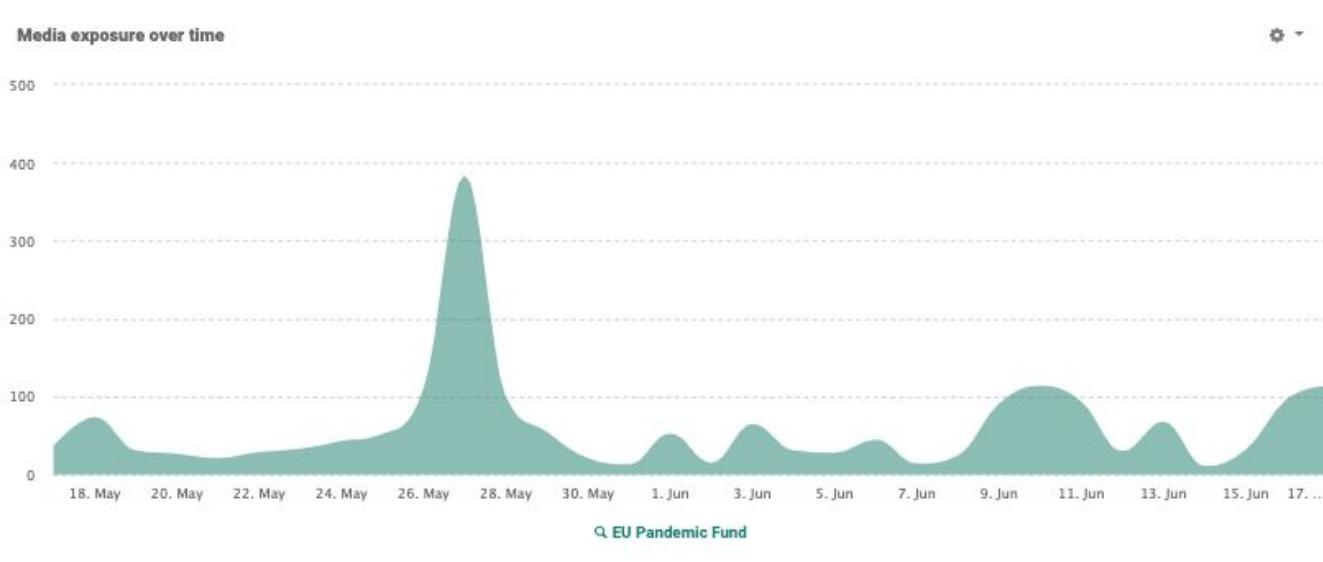
0.1B
REACH



29K
ENGAGEMENT



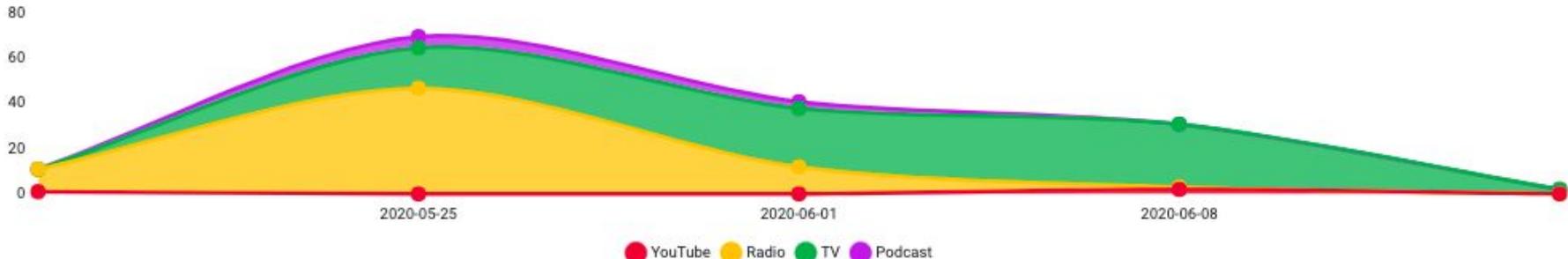
230 😊 185
SENTIMENT



Generally the media is disinterested in this issue. There was a peak of reporting around the announcement of Next Generation EU. Afterwards, daily coverage of the debate has been limited. Social media interaction has been moderate.

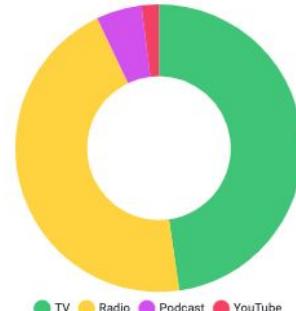
Number of mentions ⓘ

2020-05-18 – 2020-06-17

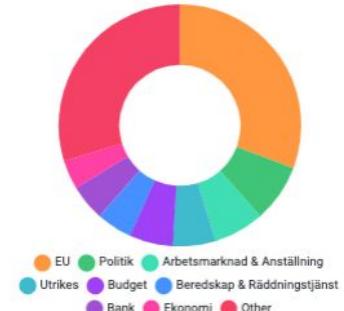


TV and radio coverage peaked around the time of the announcement. TV coverage has been more sustained than radio.

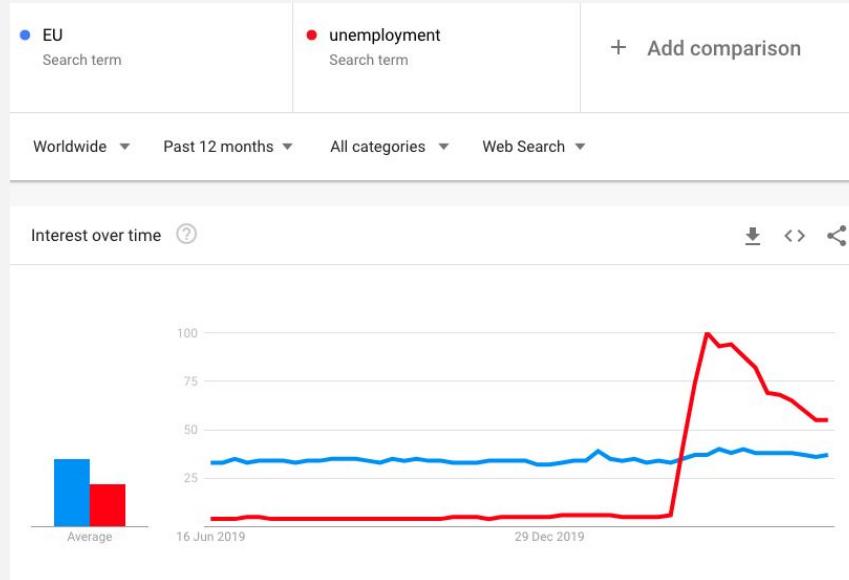
Results by type of media ⓘ



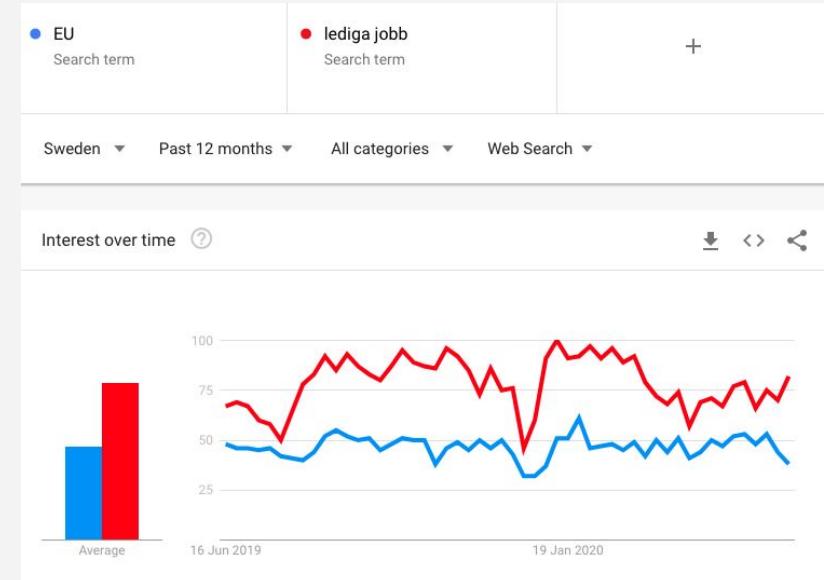
Topics ⓘ



EU activities are not on top of people's head today, compared to other topics. Corona-related search words, unemployment and financial issues are still frequently discussed.



Searches for “EU” compared to “unemployment”, Worldwide last 12 months. Source; Google Trends Data



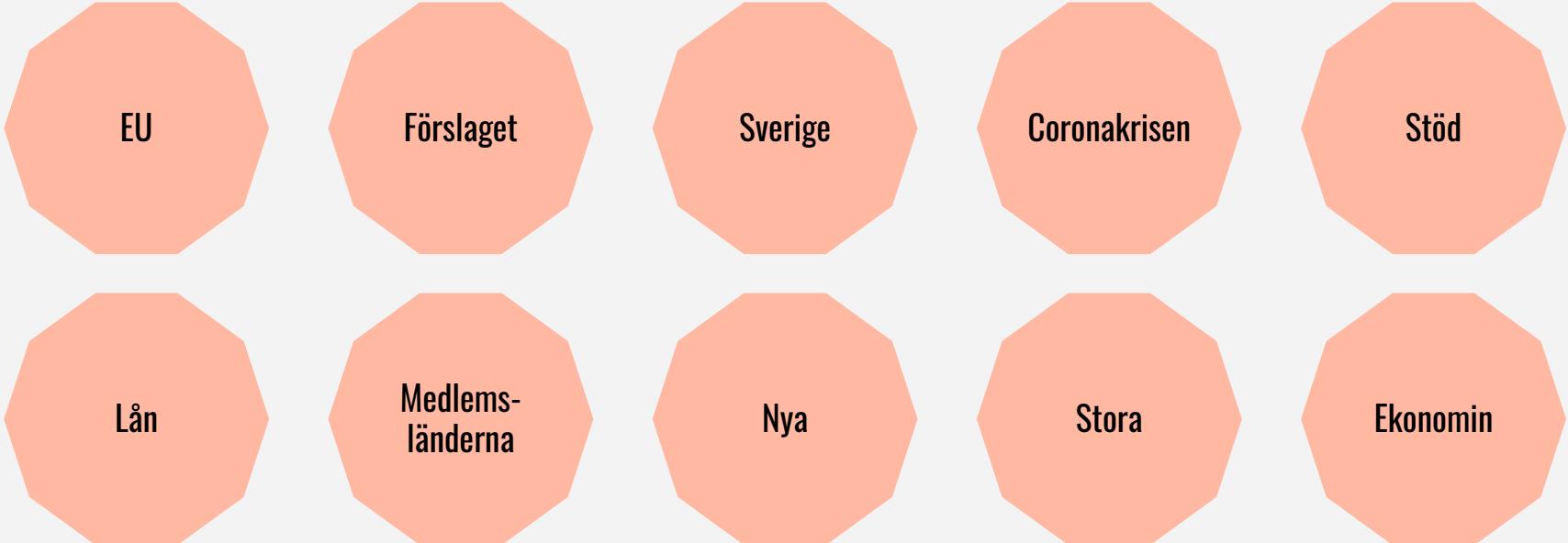
Searches for “EU” compared to “lediga jobb”, Sweden last 12 months. Source; Google Trends Data

Media sentiment

What do journalists think about the EU proposals?

Gavagai Analysis | 17 June 2020

The 10 most frequently occurring keywords based on 142 articles, analysed and aggregated by Gavagai Explorer.



EU

Förslaget

Sverige

Coronakrisen

Stöd

Lån

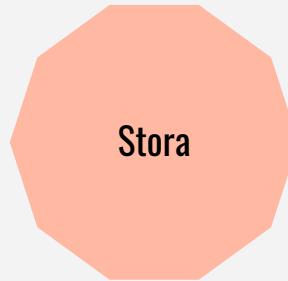
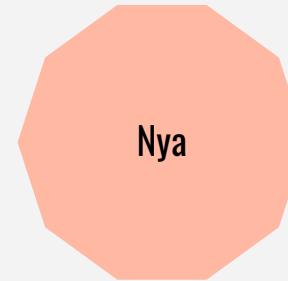
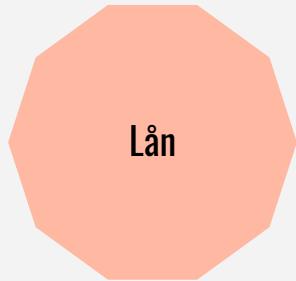
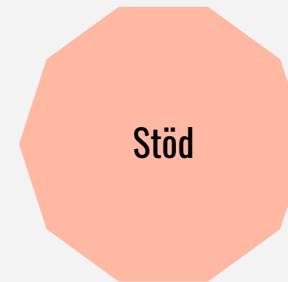
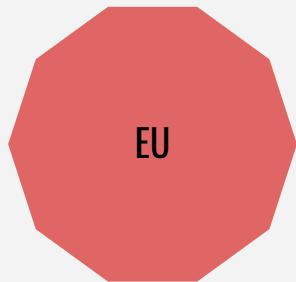
Medlems-
länderna

Nya

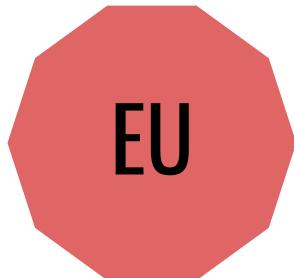
Stora

Ekonomin

**6 of these keywords were neutral,
4 were strongly negative and 0 were positive.**

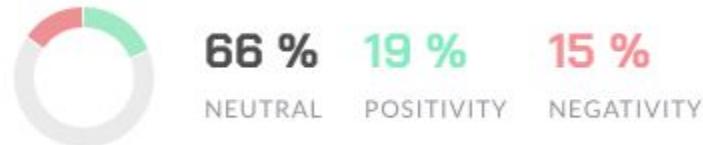


Details about each keyword



[Also includes the similar words; EU-kommissionen, EU:s, europeiska, Europa]

- “EU” occurs in 67.6% of the texts. It’s the most common keyword in our analysis
- Dominant sentiment: negative (47% of the cases)
- Frequently occurs together with topic “Ekonomin” and “Förslaget”.



Förslaget (proposal)

[Also includes the similar words; långtidsbudget, önskemål, föreslå, förslag]

- Occurs in 54% of the texts.
- Dominant sentiment: neutral
- Frequently occurs together with topic “EU” and “Nya”.



[Also includes the similar words; svenska, sveriges]

- Occurs in 44% of the texts.
- Dominant sentiment: negative (46% of the cases)
- Frequently occurs together with topics “EU” and “Ekonomin”.



[Also includes the similar words; coronakris]

Corona-
krisen

- Occurs in 30% of the texts.
- Dominant sentiment: neutral
- Frequently occurs together with topics “EU” and “Ekonomi”



Stöd
(Support)

[Also includes the similar words; stötta, hjälpa, bidrag, betalas, service]

- “EU” occurs in 51% of the texts
- Dominant sentiment: neutral
- Frequently occurs together with topics “Lån” and “Ekonomin”



Lån
(Loan)

[Also includes the similar words; lån]

- Occurs in 33% of the texts
- Dominant sentiment: neutral
- Frequently occurs together with topics “Stöd” and “Ekonomin”



Medlems-
Länderna
(Member
States)

[Also includes the similar words; länder, medlemsländer]

- Occurs in 38% of the texts
- Dominant sentiment: negative (46% of the cases)
- Frequently occurs together with topics “EU” and “Stöd”



[Also includes the similar words; nya, ny, nytt]

Nya
(New)

- Occurs in 40% of the texts
- Dominant sentiment: neutral
- Frequently occurs together with topics “EU” and “Förslaget”



[Also includes the similar words; **stora, stor, större, stort**]

Stora
(Big)

- Occurs in 44% of the texts
- Dominant sentiment: neutral
- Frequently occurs together with topics “EU” and “Ekonomin”



[Also includes the similar words; pengarna, ekomin, ekonomiska, pengar, ekonomisk, kostar, kosta, betalar]

- Occurs in 54 % of the texts
- Dominant sentiment: negative (45% of the texts)
- Frequently occurs with topics “Stöd” and “EU”

What does this indicate?

Tilltron till ekonomin är låg, också svenskarna shoppar allt mindre. Viktigt skulle också vara att stärka den svenska tilltron till ekonomin.

Pengar som läggs på restauranger och hotell har minskat ordentligt, men svenskarna köper också klart mindre skor och kläder.

[Show full text](#)

Det ökar pressen på Sverige att agera för att rädda Europas ekonomi, enligt nationalekonomen Hubert Fromlet. Foto: Magnus Hjalmarson
Neideman Men om ekonomin ändå förlorar en mer segdragen lågkonjunktur och en u-formad återhämtning eller i värsta fall ett L, då riskerar Tyskland att ha varit för tidigt ute.

[Show full text](#)

– Om vi inte lyckas hantera hälsokrisen så går det dåligt för ekonomin. Och om det går ekonomiskt dåligt i Europa så lider den finska ekonomin, säger Pietikäinen på pressmeddelandet till pressen på torsdagen.

Show

The media concerns are financial, not emotional.

Det är dock inte bara ekonomin som har kommit i fokus. Den svenska handelsministern, Peter Hultqvist, säger att det är konjunkturpolitiken som är det viktigaste faktorn för att få till en bättre ekonomi. Han säger att det finns många sätt att hjälpa företag att överleva den ekonomiska osäkerheten, till exempel lågkonjunkturer och ekonomiska avmattningar.

[Show full text](#)

– Vi tycker att det är ett bra förslag, att man lägger nya pengar. De vill också att pengarna satsas på grön tillväxt och digitalisering. På CONCORD Sverige ser man i sak inga problem med att pengarna går via banker och utvecklingsfinansiärer, men risken är att dessa insatser inte når mindre, lokala aktörer som kanske behöver stödet mest. Moderaternas Europaparlamentariker, Tomas Tobé, tillika ordförande i biståndsutskottet, säger till OmVärlden att han är positiv till att en del av pengarna ska uppmuntra till investeringar i den privata sektorn.

[Show full text](#)

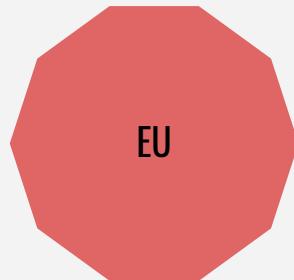
EU:s prognos nattsvart – "Djupaste nedgången sen andra världskriget" Foto: SVT EU: Värsta krisen hittills UPPDATERAD 6 MAJ 2020 PUBLICERAD 6 MAJ 2020 Coronakrisens ekonomiska effekter kan fälla både euron och EU:s inre marknad. Hög arbetslöshet Sverige väntas klara sig något bättre än genomsnitten när det gäller den totala ekonomin i år, även om det ändå innebär en tillbakagång i BNP med 6,1 procent.

[Show full text](#)

4 negative keywords, 6 neutral keywords and 0 positive keywords indicates that Sweden lean towards a slightly more sceptical view on the pandemic fund.

What does the negative keywords have in common? What seem to be the root cause?

- All are rational topics, and the discussions are often related to the financial aspects or logistical aspects of the fund.
- Swedish scepticism against the pandemic fund is more likely based on economic arguments, rather than arguments about injustice.



Want to find out more?

Contact sean@mundus-international.com
